

Fractional Wireless Link Scheduling and Polynomial Approximate Capacity Regions of Wireless Networks

P.-J. Wan, F. Al-dhelaan, H.Q. Yuan, and S. Ji

wan@cs.iit.edu

Outline

- Introduction
- A New Paradigm
- Profitable Feasible Set
- Applications
- Summary

Problem Description

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- Polynomial (α, β) -approximate capacity region Φ :

$$\frac{1}{\alpha} \Omega \subseteq \Phi \subseteq \beta \Omega.$$

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 - β depends only on d

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 - $O(\varepsilon^{-2} |A| \ln |A|)$ calls of \mathcal{A}

Design Overview

```
// initialization
 $\Gamma \leftarrow \emptyset$ , //schedule
 $P \leftarrow \mathbf{0}$ , // vector of proportion of demands served by  $\Gamma$ 
 $\phi \leftarrow \frac{\ln|A| + \varepsilon}{\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon) + \ln(1-\varepsilon)}$ ; //inactive threshold
 $S \leftarrow A$ , // active links
// schedule augmentations
:
// scaling
return  $\frac{1}{\phi}\Gamma$ .
```

Schedule Augmentations

```
while  $S \neq \emptyset$  do
    // augmentation
     $I \leftarrow \text{IS of } S \text{ output by } \mathcal{A} \text{ w.r.t. exponential weight}$ 
     $w(a) = (1 - \varepsilon)^{P(a)}, \forall a \in S$ 
     $t \leftarrow \min_{a \in I} d(a);$ 
     $\Gamma \leftarrow \Gamma \cup \{(I, t)\};$ 
    // updates
    for each  $a \in I$  do
         $P(a) \leftarrow P(a) + \frac{t}{d(a)}; // \text{update the profit}$ 
        if  $P(a) \geq \phi$  then  $S \leftarrow S \setminus \{a\}; // \text{inactive}$ 
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- Algorithm **PFS**: For any $w \in \mathbb{R}_{++}^A$ and $S \subseteq A$, output a $4\Delta(d)$ -profitable ρ -feasible set $I \subseteq S$

Extraction Procedure

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- **Initialization:** $I \leftarrow \emptyset$
- **Growing Phase:** While $S \neq \emptyset$, remove any a from S , and add it to I
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- **Pruning Phase:** While I is not ρ -feasible, remove from I any a with
 $\rho(I \setminus \{a\}, a) \geq 1$

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$$\Phi = \left\{ d \in \mathbb{R}_+^A : \Delta(d) \leq 1 \right\}.$$

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 - **(Sender Constraint)**

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 - **Bipartition of Streams:** $(U' \rightarrow U'') \cup (U' \leftarrow U'')$; return the one with largest return rate

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